

AREA AND VOLUME

Form 1

Vol 7

Part 4 – Height

1. Area of the parallelogram = $7.5 \times 8 = 60 \text{ cm}^2$

$$10x = 60$$

$$x = 6$$

2. Let the height of $\triangle ABE$ with respect to base BE be h cm.

$$\text{Area of } \triangle ABE = \frac{3 \times 4}{2} = 6 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\frac{5 \times h}{2} = 6$$

$$h = 2.4$$

$$\text{Area of } BCDE = \text{area of } \triangle ABE$$

$$5(x - 2.4) = 6$$

$$x = 3.6$$

3. Area of $\triangle ACD = \frac{25 \times 3}{2} = 37.5 \text{ cm}^2$

$$\frac{5(AB)}{2} = 37.5$$

$$AB = 15 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Area of } \triangle ABD = \frac{(5 + 15) \times 15}{2} = 150 \text{ cm}^2$$

4. (a) $DC = AB = 25 \text{ cm}$

$$\text{Area of } \triangle CDE = \frac{20 \times 15}{2} = 150 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\frac{25(EF)}{2} = 150$$

$$EF = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(b) Area of } ABCD &= 10 \times 20 = 200 \text{ cm}^2 \\ 25 \times FG &= 200 \\ FG &= 8 \text{ cm} \\ EG &= EF + FG = 20 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

Part 5 – Basic Volume

$$1. \text{ The volume} = \frac{(10+20)(8)}{2} \times 22 = 2640 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$2. \text{ The volume} = (1 \times 5 + 3 \times 1 + 1 \times 1) \times 1 = 9 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3. \text{ The volume of the cuboid} &= 120 \text{ cm}^3 \\ 3 \times 5 \times h &= 120 \\ h &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

$$4. \text{(a) The volume} = \frac{(x+2x)h}{2} \times 4x = 6x^2h \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\text{(b) The volume} = 84 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$6(2)^2h = 84$$

$$h = 3.5$$

Part 6 – Hollow Prism

$$1. \text{ The volume} = (10 \times 10 - 7 \times 7) \times 6 = 306 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$2. \text{(a) The capacity} = (48 - 4 - 4) \times (30 - 4 - 4) \times (20 - 4) = 14080 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\text{(b) The volume} = 48 \times 30 \times 20 - 14080 = 14720 \text{ cm}^3$$

Part 7 – Melting Problem

1. Volume of the rectangular block = $\frac{3 \times 4}{2} \times 6 + 6^3 = 252 \text{ cm}^3$

$$(4 \times 6)x = 252$$

$$x = 10.5 \text{ cm}$$

2. (a) The volume = $6 \times 8 \times 4 = 192 \text{ cm}^3$

(b) Let the number of blocks be n .

$$\text{Volume of the cube} = 12^3 = 1728 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$192n = 1728$$

$$n = 9$$

Thus, the number of iron blocks being melted is 9.

3. (a) Volume of I = Volume of II

$$x^3 = 18 \times 8 \times x$$

$$x^2 = 144$$

$$x = 12$$

(b) Volume of I = Volume of III

$$12^3 = \frac{(6+18)(8)}{2} \times y$$

$$y = 18$$